

## ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji pengaruh *Current Ratio* (CR), *Return On Asset* (ROA) dan *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER) terhadap harga saham pada perusahaan logam yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia, data analisis yang digunakan adalah data sekunder yaitu berupa laporan keuangan perusahaan pada tahun 2014 hingga tahun 2017.

Jenis penelitian ini adalah penelitian kuantitatif. Sampel dalam penelitian ini diperoleh dengan menggunakan metode *sampling* jenuh, yaitu seluruh anggota populasi akan digunakan sebagai sampel. Berdasarkan metode *sampling* jenuh tersebut didapatkan sebanyak 4 perusahaan logam yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia selama tahun 2014-2017. Metode analisis yang digunakan adalah analisis regresi linier berganda dengan menggunakan program SPSS versi 25.

Hasil penelitian dengan analisis deskriptif menunjukkan bahwa *Current Ratio* (CR) dan *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER) berada pada posisi relatif rendah, sedangkan *Return On Asset* dan harga saham berada pada posisi relatif cukup besar, dan hasil penelitian dengan analisis inferensial menunjukkan bahwa *Return On Asset* (ROA) berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap harga saham, sedangkan *Current Ratio* (CR) dan *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER) berpengaruh tidak signifikan terhadap harga saham.

Kata Kunci : *Current Ratio* (CR), *Return On Asset* (ROA), *Debt to Equity Ratio* (DER), Harga Saham (HS)

## ABSTRACT

This research aimed to examine the effect of Current Ratio (CR), Return On Assets (ROA) and Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) on the shares price of metal companies which were listed on Indonesia stock exchange. While, the data were secondary, i.e. company financial statement in 2014-2017.

The research was quantitative. Moreover the data collection technique used saturated sampling, in which all members of the population were used as samples. In line with, there were 4 metal companies which were listed on Indonesia Stock Exchange 2014-2017. Furthermore, the data analysis technique used multiple linear regressions with SPSS 25.

The research result, from descriptive analysis, concluded Current Ratio (CR) and Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) were relatively in low position. On the other hand, Return On Asset and shares price relatively in greater position. In addition, from inferential analysis, it concluded Return On Assets (ROA) had significant and positive effect on the shares price. Meanwhile, Current Ratio (CR) and Debt to Equity Ratio (DER) had insignificant effect on the shares price.

Keywords : current ratio, return on asset, debt to equity ratio, shares price

