

## **ABSTRACT**

This research aimed to examine the effect of financial performance with Return On Asset (ROA) and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as moderated variable on the company value, in manufacturing company which stated in Indonesia Stock Change 2013-2014. While, the sampling collection technique used purposive sampling with 30 samples which fulfilled the criteria. Furthermore, the data analysis technique used multiple regression liner with SPSS (Statistical Product and Service Solutions).

In this research, the testing variable of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) used Corporate Social Disclosure Index (CSDI), financial performance used Return On Asset (ROA), while the company value used Price Book Value (PBV). All of these hypothesis testing used Moderated Regression Analysis (MRA).

The research result concluded that financial performance had significant effect on the company value. On the other hand, Corporate Social Responsibility did not have positive significant effect on the company value. In addition, Return On Asset (ROA), with moderation of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), did not have effect or could not be moderated on the company value. It meant that Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) was not moderated variable between, Return On Asset (ROA) and Price Book Value (PBV) on company value.

Keywords: Financial performance, Company value, Corporate Social Responsibility.

## **ABSTRAK**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menguji pengaruh kinerja keuangan *Return On Asset* (ROA) terhadap nilai perusahaan dengan pengungkapan *Corporate Social Responsibility* (CSR) sebagai variabel pemoderasi pada perusahaan manufaktur yang terdaftar di Bursa Efek Indonesia (BEI) pada tahun 2013 sampai 2014. Teknik pengambilan sampel menggunakan metode *purposive sampling* dengan jumlah pengamatan sebesar 30 sampel yang memenuhi kriteria sampel penelitian. Metode analisis yang digunakan analisis regresi linier berganda dengan alat bantu aplikassi SPSS (*Statistical Product and Service Solutions*).

Dalam penelitian ini pengukuran variabel *Corporate Social Responsibility* (CSR) menggunakan *Corporate Social Disclosure Index* (CSDI), variabel kinerja keuangan menggunakan *Return On Asset* (ROA), serta nilai perusahaan menggunakan *Price To Book Value* (PBV). Pengujian hipotesis dalam penelitian ini menggunakan analisis *Moderated Regression Analysis* (MRA).

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa kinerja keuangan berpengaruh signifikan terhadap nilai perusahaan, *Corporate Social Responsiblity* tidak berpengaruh signifikan dan positif terhadap nilai perusahaan, dan *Return On Asset* (ROA) terhadap nilai perusahaan dengan dimoderasinya *Corporate Social Responsibility* (CSR) menunjukkan tidak ada pengaruh atau tidak mampu memoderasi. Hal ini menunjukkan bahwa pengungkapan *Corporate Social Responsibility* (CSR) bukan merupakan variabel pemoderasi antara *Return On Asset* (ROA) terhadap nilai perusahaan (PBV).

Kata kunci: kinerja keuangan, nilai perusahaan, pengungkapan *corporate social responsibility*.